

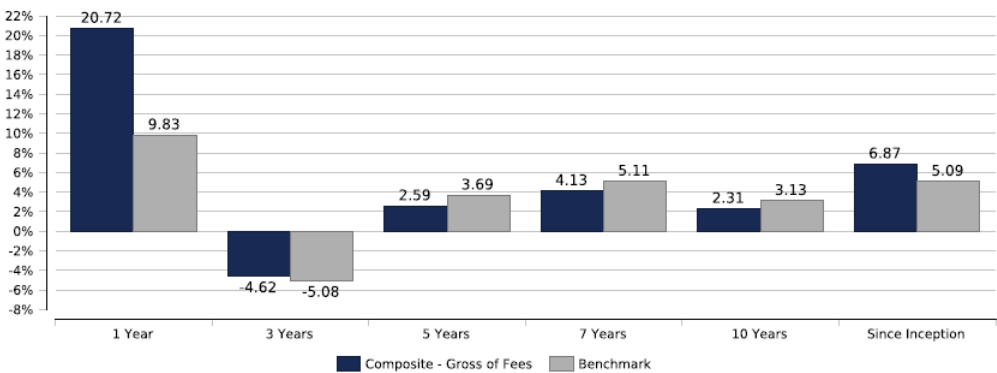
EMERGING MARKETS COMPOSITE

Reporting Date:	31 December 2023
Composite Inception Date:	31 December 1993
Reporting Currency:	USD
Benchmark:	MSCI Emerging Markets +

RETURNS SUMMARY

Period	Rates of Return (%)			3-Year Standard Deviation (%)		No. Of Portfolios	Dispersion	Composite AUM (million)	Firm AUM (million)
	Composite Gross of Fees	Composite Net of Fees	Benchmark	Composite	Benchmark				
2023	20.72	19.70	9.83	18.52	17.12	<=5	N/A	761.48	58,198.96
2022	-30.52	-31.12	-20.09	20.21	20.24	<=5	N/A	2,068.89	56,057.29
2021	3.44	2.54	-2.54	17.04	18.31	8	N/A	4,560.39	68,170.55
2020	6.34	5.41	18.31	18.50	19.60	<=5	N/A	3,988.61	62,777.74
2019	23.18	22.10	18.44	14.00	14.15	<=5	N/A	4,218.92	64,198.84
2018	-12.16	-12.96	-14.22	14.50	14.51	<=5	N/A	3,703.35	62,735.25
2017	33.03	31.83	37.89	15.87	15.19	<=5	N/A	5,142.69	70,352.83
2016	17.58	16.44	10.79	16.85	15.87	<=5	N/A	4,947.24	74,736.30
2015	-15.27	-16.09	-12.38	14.99	14.03	<=5	N/A	5,642.55	98,669.31
2014	-5.00	-5.92	-1.12	15.84	14.86	<=5	N/A	7,628.21	114,333.00

RETURN ANALYSIS BASED ON MOVING PERIODS* (*annualized returns above one year)



DISCLOSURES

The firm is defined as Grantham, Mayo, Van Otterloo & Co. LLC ("GMO"), an independent investment adviser registered under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940. Beginning January 1, 2012, the firm was expanded to include GMO UK Limited and GMO Australia Limited. Prior to January 1, 2012, GMO UK Limited and GMO Australia Limited were separate firms for GIPS compliance purposes.

Grantham, Mayo, Van Otterloo & Co. LLC claims compliance with the Global Investment Performance Standards (GIPS®) and has prepared and presented this report in compliance with the GIPS standards. Grantham, Mayo, Van Otterloo & Co. LLC has been independently verified for the periods 31/12/1992 - 31/12/2023. The verification reports are available upon request. A firm that claims compliance with the GIPS standards must establish policies and procedures for complying with all the applicable requirements of the GIPS standards. Verification provides assurance on whether the firm's policies and procedures related to composite and pooled fund maintenance, as well as the calculation, presentation, and distribution of performance, have been designed in compliance with the GIPS standards and have been implemented on a firm-wide basis. Verification does not provide assurance on the accuracy of any specific performance report. GIPS® is a registered trademark of CFA Institute. CFA Institute does not endorse or promote this organization, nor does it warrant the accuracy or quality of the content contained herein.

GMO's policies for valuing investments, calculating performance, and preparing GIPS reports are available upon request. A complete list of composite and limited distribution pooled fund descriptions and list of broad distribution pooled funds is also available upon request.

DISCLOSURES

As of 6/30/2024, the standard management fee schedule for the mutual fund in the composite is 65bps on all assets. The annual mutual fund expense ratio for share class I is 105bps. The expense ratio includes fees for shareholder services and operating expenses, in addition to the management fees. Other share classes may feature higher or lower fees. Please refer to fund documents for additional information. Some accounts in the composite may have fees that differ from the standard fee schedule and may or may not have performance fees. The standard SMA fee schedule for accounts in the composite is 80bps on the first \$100M USD, 70bps on the next \$200M USD, and 60bps thereafter. Some accounts in the composite may have fees that differ from the standard fee schedule and may or may not have performance fees.

The Emerging Markets Composite includes portfolios seeking total return in excess of that of the benchmark, the MSCI Emerging Markets Index. GMO uses proprietary quantitative techniques and fundamental analysis to evaluate and select countries, sectors, and equity investments based on factors including, but not limited to, valuation, quality, patterns of price movement and volatility, macroeconomic factors, and ESG (environmental, social and governance) criteria. GMO expects the Strategy will have a value bias relative to its benchmark. The composite was created in January 2002.

The strategy is not limited in its use of derivatives and typically the impact is material. Both the use of derivatives and borrowing may cause a portfolio's gross investment exposure to be in excess of its net assets (i.e., leverage), which may subject a portfolio to a heightened risk of loss. During the period presented the strategy typically used futures, swaps, and rights/warrants.

The internal dispersion of annual gross returns is measured by the equal-weighted standard deviation of account gross returns represented within the composite for the full year. For periods with five or fewer accounts included in the composite for the entire year, 'N/A' is noted as the dispersion is not considered meaningful. The three-year annualized standard deviation measures the variability of the gross composite and benchmark returns over the preceding 36-month period. For periods without 36 months of composite performance history, 'N/A' is provided for both the composite and its benchmark.

Performance results are presented both gross and net of investment advisory fees. The composite results are time-weighted rates of return net of commissions, transaction costs and withholding taxes on foreign income and capital gains. Returns for mutual funds included in the Composite include securities lending income, if applicable. Valuations and returns are calculated and expressed in U.S. dollars. All composite returns reflect the reinvestment of dividends and other earnings. Gross returns do not reflect the deduction of investment advisory fees or any other expenses that may be incurred in the management of this account. However, to the extent the composite includes private funds, the gross returns presented are net of any private fund operating expenses. Effective January 1, 2014 net composite returns are calculated using a model advisory fee by applying the current highest fee to the composite's gross-of-fee returns on a monthly basis. Prior to January 1, 2014 net returns were calculated by applying the account's actual fee schedule in effect for the respective period on a monthly basis for each account in the composite. Actual fees paid by any individual investor may be higher or lower than model advisory fees.

Past performance is not an indicator of future results.

The MSCI Emerging Markets + Index is internally maintained benchmark computed by GMO, comprised of (i) S&P/IFC Investable Composite Index through 12/31/2018, and (ii) the MSCI Emerging Markets Index (MSCI Standard Index Series, net of withholding tax) thereafter. The S&P/IFC Investable Composite Index is an emerging markets equity index covering 70% to 75% of total market capitalization and drawing on stocks in order of their liquidity. The Index further screens stocks for foreign ownership restrictions, factoring in minimum market capitalization and liquidity parameters. Stocks are assigned weights, representing the amount foreign institutional investors may buy because of foreign investment restrictions either at the national level or by the individual company's corporate statute. This index is provided to represent the investment environment existing during the time periods shown. The index reflects the reinvestment of dividends and is gross of withholding tax. Capital gains are not reinvested. The MSCI Emerging Markets Index is a free float-adjusted market capitalization index that is designed to measure equity market performance in the global emerging markets. This unmanaged market index is provided to represent the investment environment existing during the time periods shown. The index does not reflect the deduction of advisory fees. The index used by this composite is calculated net of dividend withholding, it approximates the minimum possible dividend reinvestment. The dividend is reinvested after deduction of withholding tax, applying the rate to non-resident individuals who do not benefit from double taxation treaties. MSCI uses withholding tax rates applicable to Luxembourg holding companies, as Luxembourg applies the highest rates. It is not possible to invest directly in the index. The MSCI Emerging Markets Index is monitored and maintained by the vendor, Morgan Stanley Capital International Inc.